

## **Autumn 2 Medium Term Plan**

Class: Forest Topic: Colour and Pattern

Key Texts	<u>Phonics</u>	Reading	Mark Making/Writing	<u>Maths</u>	PSHE/British Values
	Most Children	Most Children	Most Children	Most Children	Most Children
Mixed up Chameleon – Eric	*To take part in daily phonics	*To take part in daily reading	*To take part in tapping and	*To follow the CPA	*To recognise some
Carle	sessions, engaging with props	sessions.	Squiggle into Writer sessions.	approach according to their	good/not good feelings
The Mixed-Up Chameleon by Eric Carle	and actions.  *To take part in tuning into sounds sessions.  * Link sounds to letters and can sound out some Phase 2 sounds (phonemes and digraphs).	*To take part in story time at the end of the day.  *To visit the library and select a reading for pleasure book.  *To take books home to share them with their family.	*To enjoy drawing freely.  *To distinguish between the marks, they make.  *To explore and manipulate different mark-making resources in the mark-making area.	abilities and strengths.  *To explore patterns involving 2 repeating objects/shapes/colours.  *To explore patterns involving 2 repeating shapes/colours.	*To begin to identify signs, actions, facial expressions, body language which can hel us identify how others might be feeling.  *To identify things that
	*Sort by initial phoneme. Identifies the odd one out when hearing words that all	Some Children *To be able to fill in missing	Some Children  *To beginning to separate	*To explore patterns involving 2 repeating colours.	make me happy, sad, angry and scared. *To know how to seek
The Colour Monster – Anna Llenas	but one begins with the same sound.	words, sounds or phrases in familiar stories or rhymes. *To respond to Who? What	between pictures and writing.  *To colour in a picture and keeps within the lines most of	*To explore simple patterns involving 2/3 objects/shapes/colours	out comfort or attention from others.  * To read the book The
The Colour of Monster  Monster  ANIMA LLENAS	*To orally blend syllables.  *To orally blend CVC words.  *To segment the sounds in simple words and blend them together, knowing which	doing? What? And Where? questions related to the story they are reading. * To sequence up to three pictures to show order of events.	the time  *To use writing in purposeful play  *To begin to break the flow of speech into words.	*To copy and continue simple patterns  *To create simple patterns  Some Children  *To spots patterns in the	Smeds and The Smoos Julia Donaldson  Some Children *To show some understanding and
Emmas Patterns – JL Cornish  Emma's Patterns  Writtenby II cornish	letters represent some of them.	*To talk about events in a story.  *To draw a picture to illustrate a story.  *To answer questions (who, what, where) about a story  *To explain what is happening in a picture.  *To make a simple prediction about what might happen next in a story.	*To include a variety of letters within lines of scribble  *To hear, say and write the initial sound in words.  *To segment the sounds in simple words and blend them together.	environment, beginning to identify the pattern "rule"  *To choose familiar objects  * To create and recreate repeating patterns beyond AB patterns and begins to identify the unit of repeat  *To double to 10 (find a double)  *To double to 10 (make a double)  *To explore even and odd	awareness of how those around me are feeling. *To accept help from familiar adults to support my regulation. *To recognise words linked to strong emotions – angry, sad, happy, excited etc. *To begin to communicate feelings in an appropriate manner.



					School
<u>Independence</u>	Understanding the World	<u>Art</u>	<u>Music</u>	<u>PE</u>	Food Technology
Most Children	Most Children	Most Children	Most Children	Most Children	Most Children
*To begin to walk	*Is curious about people and	*To explore colour mixing.	*To participate and join in	* To independently enter	*With support, to add
independently outside of	shows interest in stories about	*Sorts by colour.	SEND Unit 22, 4 and 5	the pool safely.	the correct number of
school	themselves and their family.	*To name shades and is not	*To recognise that rhythm can	*To independently exit the	items to a recipe e.g.
*To be able to stop and look	*To enjoy pictures and stories	phased by different shades.	be created using anything.	pool safely.	two eggs to a bowl, 5
for traffic such as stopping at a	about themselves, their	*To know it is dark when they	*To recognise that	*To use stroking movement	chocolate chips.
kerb, looking left and right,	families and other people.	close their eyes.	instruments are everywhere.	with arms.	*With support, to add
crossing the road with support	*In pretend play, to imitate	*To identify objects from	*To copy simple rhythms	* To balance float on back.	the correct amount,
and stopping at a zebra	everyday actions and	silhouettes	containing one, two or three	*To submerge head in	following a recipe e.g
crossing.	events from own family and	*To show an awareness of	beats using claps, instruments	water.	two cups of sugar
*With support, to begin to	cultural background,	shadows.	or body percussion.	*To kick with straight legs.	
show some awareness of	*To begin to show an interest		*To clap out one to three		Some Children
danger.	in peers	Some Children	syllable words depending on	Some Children	*To use a range of
*To be able to understand the		*To mix primary colours to	the number of syllables they	* To use kicking legs and a	measuring equipment
concept of traffic lights and the	Some Children	make a colour of choice.	have.	floater to move	e.g. scales, cups, spoons
meaning of each colour.	*To meet and greet people in	*To develop an understanding		through the water.	etc.
	an appropriate way	of primary and secondary	Some Children	* To regain balance after	*To follow a recipe
Some Children	*To show an awareness that	colours.	*To tap out simple repeated	lifting legs off the	adding the correct
*To begin to recognise some	they have similarities and	*To use paint to explore	rhythms.	floor consistently.	quantities, for example
positional language: left, right,	differences that connect them	different tones of the same	*To create movement in	*To float on back and kick	500g of flour to a
forward, backwards.	to, and distinguish them from,	colour.	response to music.	legs to move.	mixture/2 cups of flour
*Identifies landmarks on a	others.	*To make shadow patterns on	*To make up rhythms.	*To begin to use arms and	
familiar route	*To show interest in the lives	the wall	*To begin to copy and perform	legs together to move	
*Finds way back from familiar	of people who are familiar to	*To observe changes in	simple patterns.	across the water.	
location when lost.	them	shadow.			
*Reads/interprets simple map	*To show interest in different	*To be aware of other artist's			
instructions by identifying	occupations and ways of life.	work.			
familiar routes and landmarks.	*To begin to recognise	*To copy and continue a			
*Consistently responds to	differences in people.	pattern using a variety of			
positional language.		objects and materials.			
*Understands danger linked to		*To create own pattern using a			
traveling as a pedestrian		variety of objects and			
		materials.			
		*To recreate a pattern.			